

WORLD CANCER DAY

http://www.eslHolidayLessons.com/02/world_cancer_day.html

CONTENTS:

The Reading / Tapescript	2
Phrase Match	3
Listening Gap Fill	4
Listening / Reading Gap Fill	5
Choose the Correct Word	6
Multiple Choice	7
Spelling	8
Put the Text Back Together	9
Scrambled Sentences	10
Discussion	11
Student Survey	12
Writing	13
Homework	14

ALL ANSWERS ARE IN THE TEXT ON PAGE 2.

THE READING / TAPESCRIPT

World Cancer Day falls on February the 4th each year. It aims to draw attention to the effect cancer has on the lives of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die each year from the different types of cancer. Eleven million new cases are reported annually. World Cancer Day started in 2005 as part of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed the World Summit Against Cancer in the New Millennium, which took place in 2000. Many international organizations hold awareness campaigns and fundraising events on this day. In particular, the World Health Organization and the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very active. In 2008, the UICC promoted the "I love my smoke-free childhood year" against passive smoking.

Cancer is the growth and spread of damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy cells. It can affect almost any part of the body. Common types of cancer include lung cancer, breast cancer and stomach cancer. People can reduce the risk of getting cancer by avoiding common risk factors such as tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is one of the biggest causes of lung cancer. Not all cancers will kill you. Many can be cured by surgery or by treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world's biggest killer. It kills more people than AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria put together. Many deaths can be avoided. With adequate funding, health authorities could prevent 40% of all cancers and cure 30% of those caught early.

PHRASE MATCH

Match the following phrases from the article.

Paragraph 1

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. World Cancer Day falls | <i>a.</i> cases are reported annually |
| 2. It aims to draw attention | <i>b.</i> free childhood year |
| 3. Eleven million new | <i>c.</i> awareness campaigns |
| 4. international organizations hold | <i>d.</i> on February the 4th |
| 5. I love my smoke- | <i>e.</i> smoking |
| 6. against passive | <i>f.</i> to the effect cancer has |

Paragraph 2

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Cancer is the growth and spread | <i>a.</i> risk of getting cancer |
| 2. It can affect almost any | <i>b.</i> of damaged cells |
| 3. People can reduce the | <i>c.</i> biggest killer |
| 4. Smoking is one of the biggest | <i>d.</i> part of the body |
| 5. Cancer is the world's | <i>e.</i> be avoided |
| 6. Many deaths can | <i>f.</i> causes of lung cancer |

LISTENING GAP FILL

World Cancer Day falls on February the 4th each year. _____ attention to the effect cancer has on the lives of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die _____ the different types of cancer. Eleven million _____ reported annually. World Cancer Day started in 2005 as part of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed the World Summit Against Cancer in the New Millennium, _____ in 2000. Many international organizations hold awareness campaigns and fundraising events on this day. In particular, the World Health Organization and the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very active. In 2008, the UICC promoted the "I love my smoke-free childhood year" _____.

Cancer is the growth _____ damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy cells. It can affect almost any part of the body. Common _____ include lung cancer, breast cancer and stomach cancer. People can reduce the risk of getting cancer by avoiding common _____ tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is one of the biggest causes of lung cancer. Not all cancers will kill you. Many _____ surgery or by treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world's biggest killer. It kills more people than AIDS, tuberculosis and _____. Many deaths can be avoided. With _____, health authorities could prevent 40% of all cancers and cure 30% of those caught early.

WHILE READING / LISTENING GAP FILL

Put the words into the gaps in the text.

World Cancer Day _____ on February the 4th each year. It aims to _____ attention to the effect cancer has on the lives of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die each year from the different _____ of cancer. Eleven million new _____ are reported annually. World Cancer Day started in 2005 as _____ of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed the World Summit Against Cancer in the New Millennium, which _____ place in 2000. Many international organizations hold awareness campaigns and fundraising _____ on this day. In particular, the World Health Organization and the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very _____. In 2008, the UICC promoted the "I love my smoke-free childhood year" against passive smoking.

types

active

falls

took

cases

part

events

draw

Cancer is the growth and _____ of damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy cells. It can _____ almost any part of the body. Common types of cancer include lung cancer, breast cancer and stomach cancer. People can _____ the risk of getting cancer by avoiding common risk factors such as tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is one of the biggest _____ of lung cancer. Not all cancers will kill you. Many can be _____ by surgery or by treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world's biggest killer. It kills more people than AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria _____ together. Many deaths can be avoided. With adequate _____, health authorities could prevent 40% of all cancers and cure 30% of those _____ early.

causes

caught

affect

put

spread

funding

cured

reduce

CHOOSE THE CORRECT WORD

Delete the wrong word in each of the pairs of *italics*.

World Cancer Day falls on February the 4th each year. It *aims / aiming* to draw attention to the *affect / effect* cancer has on the lives of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die each year from the different *type / types* of cancer. Eleven million new cases are reported annually. World Cancer Day started in 2005 *as / was* part of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed the World Summit Against Cancer *in / by* the New Millennium, which took place in 2000. Many international organizations hold awareness campaigns and fundraising events on this day. In *peculiar / particular*, the World Health Organization and the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very *activity / active*. In 2008, the UICC promoted the "I love my smoke-free childhood year" against *passive / passing* smoking.

Cancer is the *grown / growth* and spread of damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy *cells / cell*. It can affect almost any part of the body. Common types of cancer include lung cancer, *breath / breast* cancer and stomach cancer. People can *reduce / reduction* the risk of getting cancer by avoiding common risk factors *such / so* as tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is one of the biggest causes of lung cancer. Not all cancers will *die / kill* you. Many can be cured by surgery or by treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world's biggest killer. It kills more people than AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria *put / get* together. Many deaths can be avoided. With adequate funding, health authorities could prevent 40% of all cancers and *cured / cure* 30% of those caught early.

MULTIPLE CHOICE

World Cancer Day (1) _____ on February the 4th each year. It aims to draw attention to the effect cancer has on the (2) _____ of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die each year from the different types of cancer. Eleven million new cases are reported (3) _____. World Cancer Day started in 2005 as part of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed the World Summit Against Cancer in the New Millennium, which took place in 2000. Many international organizations (4) _____ awareness campaigns and fundraising events on this day. In particular, the World Health Organization and the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very (5) _____. In 2008, the UICC promoted the "I love my smoke-free childhood year" against (6) _____ smoking.

Cancer is the (7) _____ and spread of damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy cells. It can affect almost any part of the body. Common types of cancer (8) _____ lung cancer, breast cancer and stomach cancer. People can reduce the risk of getting cancer by (9) _____ common risk factors such as tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is one of the biggest causes of lung cancer. Not all cancers will (10) _____ you. Many can be cured by surgery or by treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world's biggest (11) _____. It kills more people than AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria put together. Many deaths can be avoided. With adequate funding, health authorities could (12) _____ 40% of all cancers and cure 30% of those caught early.

Put the correct words from this table into the article.

- | | | | | |
|-----|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. | (a) fell | (b) falls | (c) falling | (d) felled |
| 2. | (a) living | (b) live | (c) lives | (d) lived |
| 3. | (a) annually | (b) annual | (c) annuals | (d) annals |
| 4. | (a) holds | (b) holding | (c) holder | (d) hold |
| 5. | (a) activity | (b) actively | (c) activities | (d) active |
| 6. | (a) passing | (b) passer | (c) passive | (d) passivity |
| 7. | (a) grown | (b) growth | (c) growers | (d) grown-up |
| 8. | (a) include | (b) inclusive | (c) includes | (d) including |
| 9. | (a) avoids | (b) avoiding | (c) avoid | (d) avoidance |
| 10. | (a) die | (b) death | (c) kill | (d) murder |
| 11. | (a) killer | (b) murderer | (c) assassin | (d) criminal |
| 12. | (a) prevention | (b) prevents | (c) preventing | (d) prevent |

SPELLING

Spell the jumbled words (from the text) correctly.

Paragraph 1

1. draw etntantio to
2. different steyp of cancer
3. Eleven million new saecs
4. eeawarssn campaigns
5. very ecvtai
6. easvpsi smoking

Paragraph 2

7. wgoht and spread of damaged cells
8. People can dueecr the risk
9. common risk rtofcas
10. Cancer is the world's biggest keirll
11. Many deaths can be deadoiv
12. eeptnrv 40% of all cancers

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

Number these lines in the correct order.

- () the World Summit Against Cancer in the New Millennium, which took place in 2000. Many international
- () of millions around the world. Around 7 million people die each year from the different types of cancer. Eleven million new
- () organizations hold awareness campaigns and fundraising events on this day. In particular, the World Health Organization and
- () any part of the body. Common types of cancer include lung cancer, breast cancer and stomach cancer. People can
- () reduce the risk of getting cancer by avoiding common risk factors such as tobacco and drinking alcohol. Smoking is
- () the “I love my smoke-free childhood year” against passive smoking.
- () the International Union Against Cancer (UICC) are very active. In 2008, the UICC promoted
- () treatments such as chemotherapy. Cancer is the world’s biggest killer. It kills more people than
- () authorities could prevent 40% of all cancers and cure 30% of those caught early.
- () cases are reported annually. World Cancer Day started in 2005 as part of the World Cancer Campaign. It followed
- () AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria put together. Many deaths can be avoided. With adequate funding, health
- () Cancer is the growth and spread of damaged cells in the body that destroy or kill healthy cells. It can affect almost
- () one of the biggest causes of lung cancer. Not all cancers will kill you. Many can be cured by surgery or by
- (**1**) World Cancer Day falls on February the 4th each year. It aims to draw attention to the effect cancer has on the lives

SCRAMBLED SENTENCES

With a partner, put the words back into the correct order.

1. draw the has to to cancer aims attention effect It

2. people each Around million die year 7

3. million cases reported Eleven new are annually

4. organizations campaigns awareness hold

5. childhood year " the " I love my smoke - free

6. is of the damaged growth cells and Cancer spread

7. almost body any It part can of affect the

8. can People cancer getting of risk the reduce

9. can Many surgery by cured be

10. all prevent cancers 40% health authorities of could

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Copyright © www.ESL Holiday Lessons.com

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Copyright © www.ESL Holiday Lessons.com

THE WORLD CANCER DAY SURVEY

Write five questions about World Cancer Day in the table. Do this in pairs/groups. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

Without your partner, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1 _____	STUDENT 2 _____	STUDENT 3 _____
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

Return to your original partner(s) and share and talk about what you found out. Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

HOMEWORK

1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION: Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

2. INTERNET: Search the Internet and find more information about World Cancer Day. Talk about what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

3. MAGAZINE ARTICLE: Write a magazine article about World Cancer Day. Write about what happens around the world. Include two imaginary interviews with people who did something on this day.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

4. POSTER: Make your own poster about World Cancer Day. Write about will happen on this day around the world.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.